



## STATESWERE WARNED

### CHOLERA EXPECTED

German Authorities Fully Prepared to Handle Disease.

### UNITED STATES IS WATCHFUL

Trans-shipment of Russian Immigrants Has Been Suspended as Infection Was Improbable—Germans Hold America Has no Grounds for Disquietude.

Berlin, Sept. 3.—Dr. Nockt, the harbor physician of Hamburg, today telegraphed: "The trans-shipment of Russian emigrants has been suspended at Hamburg from this time forth, as cholera infection is improbable. Three emigrants who were to sail last Thursday on the steamer Moltke for New York were landed here and are under medical observation. I am convinced that all means of opposing the cholera are now in use and we hold that the Americans have no ground for disquietude in regards to the cholera getting beyond our control as we are fully prepared to handle the disease in every way. In fact, the government has long reckoned on the present situation, and a circular dispatch was sent by the imperial department of the interior to the Confederate states in January, calling attention to the possibility of cholera, and requesting them not to be unprepared to deal with the situation.

"Resisting the spread of cholera," the official director said, "has become much easier under the imperial epidemic law of June 30, 1900, giving the health authorities proper powers. These powers have been fully exercised in sequestering persons that have cholera or have been exposed to it, or who have doubtful symptoms, and in watching over persons and property employed in traffic on the rivers Weichsel, Brahe and Netze, and on the Bromberg canal."

New York, Sept. 3.—The first vessel to arrive from Hamburg since the appearance of cholera in Germany was detained in quarantine for two hours today while the health officers subjected the passengers and crew to a rigid examination. The vessel was absolutely clear of illness.

London, Sept. 3.—The port sanitary authorities are adopting all the necessary measures to deal with a possible invasion of cholera. A large medical staff is detailed to examine all vessels entering the Thames. Some of the newspapers are calling upon the government to take measures of exclusion against all Russian emigrants.

### INFESTED WITH PLAGUE.

Zanzibar, Sept. 3.—The health authorities of this city declare the place to be infected with plague. There have been

## FLAMES DESTROY SEVEN THOUSAND HOMES

Constantinople, Sept. 3.—A fire which broke out Saturday night in the City of Adrianople came near wiping the city off the face of the map and as it was, the Greek, Armenian, Bulgarian and Jewish quarters, consisting of over 7,000 houses, were completely destroyed be-

ten cases reported among the natives with five deaths.

### MUTINOUS SAILORS TRANSFERRED

St. Petersburg, Sept. 3.—The 1,000 sailors who participated in the mutinous disorders at Liban and in the Black sea are to be transferred to the army and sent to the Far East.

### RIOTING IN LIBAN.

Departure of Reservists Marked by Battle—Ten Were Killed.

Liban, Sept. 3.—The departure of the reservists Saturday night was marked by a socialistic rioting in which ten persons were killed and 50 wounded. The agitators fired from a house upon the militia, who replied with a volley. The cavalry then charged, using their sabers on the crowd. One policeman was killed and several soldiers were wounded.

### STEAMER SUNK BY FERRY BOAT

Hudson, N. Y., Sept. 3.—The small steamer, Young America, was run down and sunk by the ferryboat George H. Power, and in the confusion subsequent to the accident a number of passengers were drowned before they could be reached by the crew of the ferryboat. Those who were drowned are: Mary Z. Beddel, Jennie L. Bell and Sarah Brown, all of New York city, and Margaret Mackay, Coxsackie.

## BOYCOTT IS WEAKENING

### American Influence Shown in Promotion of Boycott.

American Losses Up to Middle of August Was Half Million Dollars—Was Promoted by Young Men Trained in American Missionary Schools.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 3.—The arrivals from China today state that while the boycott is yet serious, there are signs of its weakening. It is reported that the merchants seek to deal surreptitiously with the Americans and cases are quoted where contracts have been made and ante-dated prior to July 18, when the boycott began. The Japanese Advertiser reports that the loss sustained by the American merchants at Shanghai up to August 16 has amounted to one half of a million dollars.

At Soo Chow, the Chinese merchant turned over all the American goods in his stock for a public burning at night in front of the temple. The goods burned were mostly cigarettes and Cologne.

The North China Daily News points out that the influence of American training is strongly shown in the manner in which the boycott is being promoted, as a major part of the organization is carried on by young men now traveling in the American missionary schools.

## ENVOYS SAIL SOON

### RULERS TO APPROVE

Treaty Not in Force Until Emperors Sign.

### ACTUAL TERMS ARE SECRET

Envoys Are Anxious to Sail for Home in Order to Receive Confirmation of Their Work by Their Respective Emperors—M. Witte Makes Statement.

Portsmouth, Sept. 3.—Though the work of engrossing the treaty has already begun, controversies over the phraseology still continue and there were several conferences held today between De Martens and Dennison, the differences being referred for adjustment to the principals.

The Japanese are proving great sticklers for words, and they cling tenaciously to their ideas. Careful preparation and concise methods has been the secret of their successes on land and sea, and in the diplomatic struggles at Portsmouth these same qualities are displayed.

In the sittings of the conference Baron Komura always stated the Japanese position upon a given point with great care, and when M. Witte, whose methods were entirely different, would try to draw out lengthy explanations he would stick tenaciously to his previous statement. M. Witte never brought papers with him. He met everything in an offhand way, stating his views bluntly, and never asking time to consider, while Komura on the other hand, could with the greatest difficulty be induced to enter into an argument, for speaking slowly, he would repeat over and over again what he had first stated. Several times M. Witte would say: "Yes, I understand what you say, but what do you mean; what is your real object?" Then Komura would go back and restate the proposition almost exactly as it was originally.

Baron Komura would sometimes catch M. Witte off his guard and provoke him into making statements which were always eagerly seized upon. As a final resort, Baron Komura was always ready with a written solution of the question and would produce it suddenly, saying: "This is what we propose. What have you got to offer?" Then the value of his preparation and foresightedness became apparent, as M. Witte seldom had a crystallized counter proposition to make.

While a full synopsis of the treaty has been cabled to the respective governments of the two countries the actual text will not be known at Tokio or St. Petersburg until the plenipotentiaries arrive. M. Witte will personally convey the text to St. Petersburg and Baron Komura to Tokio.

This is the reason why both are anxious to get home as soon as possible, as the treaty will not go into force until the two emperors have signed it. The text will not be made known to the public at Portsmouth, and if it ever is, it will be after it has received the approval of the two emperors.

M. Witte, when questioned upon this subject, remarked: "You are at liberty to announce both in Europe and in America that we are willing to make the 'Treaty of Portsmouth' public as soon as the new Anglo-Japanese treaty is given to the world."

The signing of the treaty is to be a very exclusive affair, it having been decided that beside the plenipotentiaries

and their secretaries there will be present only Assistant Secretary Peirce, representing the president; Governor McLane of New Hampshire, the mayor of Portsmouth, Admiral Mead, the commander of the navy yard and the commanders of the United States ships in the harbor.

### PRESIDENT RECEIVES THANKS.

Rumors of Japanese Emperor's Dissatisfaction Were False.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 3.—President Roosevelt today received from the emperor of Japan his warm thanks for his "disinterested and unremitting efforts in the interests of peace and humanity," and the expression of the Japanese emperor's "grateful appreciation of the distinguished part the president had taken in the establishment of peace in the Far East. The cablegram from the Japanese emperor puts an end to the rumors that the emperor was dissatisfied with the terms finally concluded by his plenipotentiaries with those of the emperor of Russia. He accords President Roosevelt full credit for the part he took in bringing about a peace upon principles which are essential to the permanent welfare and tranquility of the Far East."

### EMPEROR TELEGRAPHS LINEVITCH

God's Command Forbids Him Again Putting to Test Valor of Army.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 3.—The emperor on Friday last telegraphed General Linevitch as follows: "Japan on August 29 yielded all our conditions, but has asked for a return of that portion of Sakhalin now occupied by the Japanese troops, and which is the part held by Japan until 1875, and then ceded to Russia."

"My self-sacrificing army has withstood the assault of a numerically superior enemy in Manchuria during the last 19 months with utmost bravery, and under your leadership the army was reorganized and strengthened and is now greater than before. I and all Russia believe in the strength of my glorious army and its readiness to sacrifice itself for the fatherland, but my duty to the people as entrusted to me by God commands me not again to put to test the valor of Russian men in order to retain the half of a remote island. I have, therefore, accepted the preliminary peace negotiations."

### JEROME REFUSES TO RUN FOR MAYOR.

New York, Sept. 3.—In a statement issued at his home in Lakeville, Conn., tonight District Attorney Jerome, mentioned as a citizens' union candidate for mayor of New York in the coming election, said:

"I will not under any circumstances be a candidate for the office of mayor at the forthcoming election."

In a previous statement Mr. Jerome said he desired to be an independent candidate for re-election to the district attorneyship.

### PROMINENT PEOPLE INJURED IN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT.

Automobile Plunges Over an Embankment Injuring Four.

Covington, Ind., Sept. 3.—John Harrison, the editor of the Danville (Ill.) Commercial News; his mother, Mrs. Minta Harrison and Colonel and Mrs. J. H. Harrison of Ottawa, Kan., were all badly injured near here this afternoon. Harrison's automobile plunged over an embankment. All will recover.

### COACHES JUMP TRACK.

Six or Eight Persons Are Slightly Injured as a Result.

Pueblo, Colo., Sept. 3.—Seven coaches and a baggage car of the Santa Fe-Chicago limited jumped the track one mile east of Boone this afternoon. Six or eight persons were injured, but none seriously.

### BASEBALL SCORES.

Portland, Sept. 3.—Oakland 3, Portland 2.  
Tacoma, Sept. 3.—Los Angeles 1, Tacoma 7.  
San Francisco, Sept. 3.—First game: Seattle 7, San Francisco 6. Second game: Seattle 9, San Francisco 2.

## CONFIDENCE PREVAILS

### YELLOW FEVER ABATING

Lowest Number of New Cases in Thirty Days.

### MANY EVADE QUARANTINE

Confidence Is Growing in New Orleans and Every Indication Tends to Prove That the Fever Is Checked—No Fears of Asiatic Cholera.

New Orleans, Sept. 3.—Official report up to 6 p. m.; New cases 29, total 2,974; deaths 3, total 287; under treatment, 305; cases discharged, 1,432.

New Orleans, Sept. 3.—For the first time in over a month the number of new cases of yellow fever were in the twenties. A feeling of confidence that the fever is being wiped out is growing. The country situation, while not what it should be, is improving somewhat, though the discovery of new foci has caused anxiety. Despite the rigid regulations, it is believed that many persons have succeeded in getting into New Orleans from country places.

A report from the board of health at Mexico City states that there is only four cases of yellow fever in that section of the country and that no fears are felt in regard to an outbreak of cholera through the arrival of a number of people from Hamburg.

### BOMB EXPLOSION CREATES HAVOC

Barcelona, Sept. 3.—A bomb exploded this afternoon on the marine parade, which was thronged with holiday makers. The victims numbered 21, including one woman killed and five persons mortally wounded. The perpetrator of the outrage is unknown.

### COSSACK AND TARTAR MEET.

Times Correspondent Sends Account of Bloody Encounters.

London, Sept. 3.—A Tiflis correspondent of the Times says that in a series of encounters which occurred at that place September 1, 11 Cossacks, 83 Tartars and ten Armenians were killed. The Cossacks and Armenians fought together against the Tartars.

## SHIPS WRECKED AND MEN LOST IN FURIOUS GALE

Ashland, Wis., Sept. 3.—The five men who left the wreck of the freight steamer Sevonia in a small boat are believed to have been lost in a furious gale now prevailing on Lake Superior. Another boat from the same steamer containing 11 people have reached the shore after battling with the heavy seas all of Friday night. Six members of the crew, including the captain, two mates, two wheelmen, and a deckhand, are still on

### GREAT CROWDS VISIT PUGILISTS' QUARTERS.

Britt Is Slightly Overweight but Considers Himself in Good Condition.

San Francisco, Sept. 3.—Great crowds attended the Britt and Nelson training camps today and the favored ones were permitted to see the pugilists at work. Britt is doing a light kind of exercise. He is a few pounds overweight, and will keep at that point until a day or two before the match. He considers himself to be in good condition for the coming fight. Satisfactory reports come also from the Nelson training quarters.

### SHAH APPRECIATES WELCOME.

Visits Imperial Family and Is Entertained at Dinner.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 3.—The shah of Persia visited the imperial family at Peterhof this afternoon and was entertained at dinner at the palace. During the dinner the emperor proposed the health of the shah in warm terms of friendship and the shah expressed his profound thanks for the welcome accorded him.

### TODAY'S WEATHER.

Portland, Sept. 3.—Western Oregon and Western Washington: Monday, fair.

### REPORTS ARE UNTRUE

Rome, Sept. 3.—The Associated Press is requested to state that the reports that have been circulated to the effect that there have been great thefts of the vatican treasures are absolutely untrue.

## TANGIER IS TERRORIZED

Bandit Tribes War with Each Other—French Jew Murdered.

Tribe of Angora Bandits Raid Villages of Bandit Raisuli and Drive Away Cattle and Sheep—Raisuli Pursues and Battle Occurs.

Tangier, Sept. 3.—A powerful tribe of Angoras are seeking to force the brigand, Raisuli, to meet them in open battle. The Angoras have raided three villages which are under Raisuli's authority near Tangier, carrying off large herds of cattle and sheep. Raisuli then collected a band of his followers and started in pursuit, and on his overtaking them skirmishes ensued, in which several men on both sides were killed and wounded. The Moroccan authorities are powerless to quell the disturbances and owing to the lawlessness which prevails the suburbs of Tangier have been deserted by the Europeans.

A French Jew was found murdered Saturday night, but the murderers have escaped.